

Database release: End2019 --- 12/06/2020 ▾

SDF



NATURA 2000 - STANDARD DATA FORM

For Special Protection Areas (SPA),
Proposed Sites for Community Importance (pSCI),
Sites of Community Importance (SCI) and
for Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)

SITE **DK009X182**
SITENAME **Vidå med tilløb, Rudbøl Sø og Magisterkogen**

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Print Standard Data Form

1. SITE IDENTIFICATION

1.1 Type

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B

1.2 Site code

DK009X182

1.3 Site name

Vidå med tilløb, Rudbøl Sø og Magisterkogen

1.4 First Compilation date

1998-02

1.5 Update date

2015-12

1.6 Respondent:

Name/Organisation:	NST
Address:	
Email:	nst@nst.dk

1.7 Site indication and designation / classification dates

Date site proposed 1998-02

as SCI:	
Date site confirmed as SCI:	2004-12
Date site designated as SAC:	2011-12
National legal reference of SAC designation:	BEK nr 1114 af 25/11/2011 om ikrafttræden af målsætning og indsatsprogram i Natura 2000-planerne for planperiode 2010-2015

2. SITE LOCATION

2.1 Site-centre location [decimal degrees]:

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Longitude:	8.959444
Latitude:	54.940833

2.2 Area [ha]

603.0000

2.3 Marine area [%]

0.0000

2.4 Sitelength [km]:

0.00

2.6 Biogeographical Region(s)

Atlantic (0.00 %)

3. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

3.1 Habitat types present on the site and assessment for them

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Annex I Habitat types						Site assessment			
Code	PF	NP	Cover [ha]	Cave [number]	Data quality	A B C D	A B C		
						Representativity	Relative Surface	Conservation	Global
3150 B			54.7	0.00	M	C	C	B	B
3260 B			181	0.00	M	A	C	A	A
7230 B			0	0.00	G	D	-		

PF: for the habitat types that can have a non-priority as well as a priority form (6210, 7130, 9430) enter "X" in the column PF to indicate the priority form.

NP: in case that a habitat type no longer exists in the site enter: x (optional)

Cover: decimal values can be entered

Caves: for habitat types 8310, 8330 (caves) enter the number of caves if estimated surface is not available.

Data quality: G = 'Good' (e.g. based on surveys); M = 'Moderate' (e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation); P = 'Poor' (e.g. rough estimation)

3.2 Species referred to in Article 4 of Directive 2009/147/EC and listed in Annex II of Directive 92/43/EEC and site evaluation for them

Species			Population in the site							Site assessment				
G	Code	Scientific Name	S	NP	T	Size		Unit	Cat.	D.qual.	A B C D		A B C	
						Min	Max				Pop.	Con.	Iso.	Glo.
F	1103	Alosa fallax			p				V		D			
F	1113	Coregonus oxyrhynchus			r				V	DD	A	A	A	A
F	1099	Lampetra fluviatilis			p				C	DD	B	A	C	A
F	1096	Lampetra planeri			p				C	DD	C	A	C	B
M	1355	Lutra lutra			p				R	DD	C	C	C	C
F	1145	Misgurnus fossilis			p				C	DD	A	A	B	A
F	1095	Petromyzon marinus			r				R	DD	C	C	C	C

Group: A = Amphibians, B = Birds, F = Fish, I = Invertebrates, M = Mammals, P = Plants, R = Reptiles
S: in case that the data on species are sensitive and therefore have to be blocked for any public access enter: yes

NP: in case that a species is no longer present in the site enter: x (optional)

Type: p = permanent, r = reproducing, c = concentration, w = wintering (for plant and non-migratory species use permanent)

Unit: i = individuals, p = pairs or other units according to the Standard list of population units and codes in accordance with Article 12 and 17 reporting (see [reference portal](#))

Abundance categories (Cat.): C = common, R = rare, V = very rare, P = present - to fill if data are deficient (DD) or in addition to population size information

Data quality: G = 'Good' (e.g. based on surveys); M = 'Moderate' (e.g. based on partial data with some extrapolation); P = 'Poor' (e.g. rough estimation); VP = 'Very poor' (use this category only, if not even a rough estimation of the population size can be made, in this case the fields for population size can remain empty, but the field "Abundance categories" has to be filled in)

3.3 Other important species of flora and fauna (optional)

Species			Population in the site					Motivation							
Group	CODE	Scientific Name	S	NP	Size		Unit	Cat.	Species Annex		Other categories				
					Min	Max			C R V P	IV	V	A	B	C	D

Group: A = Amphibians, B = Birds, F = Fish, Fu = Fungi, I = Invertebrates, L = Lichens, M = Mammals, P = Plants, R = Reptiles

CODE: for Birds, Annex IV and V species the code as provided in the reference portal should be used in addition to the scientific name

S: in case that the data on species are sensitive and therefore have to be blocked for any public access enter: yes

NP: in case that a species is no longer present in the site enter: x (optional)

Unit: i = individuals, p = pairs or other units according to the standard list of population units and codes in accordance with Article 12 and 17 reporting, (see [reference portal](#))

Cat.: Abundance categories: C = common, R = rare, V = very rare, P = present

Motivation categories: **IV, V:** Annex Species (Habitats Directive), **A:** National Red List data; **B:** Endemics; **C:** International Conventions; **D:** other reasons

4. SITE DESCRIPTION

4.1 General site character

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Habitat class	% Cover

N01	0.00
N02	0.00
N03	0.00
N04	0.00
N06	44.00
N07	0.00
N08	0.00
N09	0.00
N10	52.00
N14	2.00
N15	2.00
N16	0.00
N19	0.00
N20	0.00
N23	0.00
Total Habitat Cover	100

Other Site Characteristics

Vidåens nedre løb er beliggende i Tøndermarsken, med udløb i Vadehavet ved Vidåslusen. Marskområdet består af græsningsarealer, kanaler, skelgrøfter og spredt bebyggelse. Bortset fra læplantninger omkring bebyggelser, findes der ikke træer og buske i marskområdet. Vidå og Sønderå er på en del af strækningen grænsevandløb og en stor del af afstrømningsområdet ligger i Tyskland. Området er forøget i udstrækning i 2011.

4.2 Quality and importance

Vidåen med tilløb er et område af stor betydning på grund af forekomst af sjældne arter som Odder (*Lutra lutra*) og Snæbel (*Coregonus oxyrhynchus*), hvis udbredelsesområde er meget begrænset. Arten Stavsild (*Alosa fallax*) er stærkt reduceret i udbredelse og antal, hvorfor eventuelle resterende levesteder eller gydeområder er vigtige for arten. Marskområdet med lavvandede kanaler er en sjælden naturtype i Danmark og derfor er Magisterkog-området mv af stor betydning for forekomsten af arten Dyndsmerling (*Misgurnus fossilis*). Naturtype 3260 med vegetation domineret af arter af vandranunkel (*Ranunculus fluitans*) og vandstjerne (*Callitriche-Batrachion*), er veludviklet i udpegningsområdet, hvilket gør lokaliteten værdifuld med hensyn til naturtypen.

4.5 Documentation

Journal nr. NST-41519-00046, SNS 2001-8625/42-0001, SNS 2001-8625/42-0003, DMU 111/301-0011 og DMU 201/3-0043, SNS 2001-8625/42-0014, BLST 3129-00047, SNS 2001-8625/42-0018, SNS 2001-8625/42-0025

5. SITE PROTECTION STATUS

5.1 Designation types at national and regional level:

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Code	Cover [%]
DK01	97.00

DK02	4.00
DK03	84.00
DK05	0.00
DK95	0.00

6. SITE MANAGEMENT

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6.2 Management Plan(s):

An actual management plan does exist:

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Yes	Name: De 246 Natura 2000-planer 2010-2015 for Danmark Link: http://www.naturstyrelsen.dk/Naturbeskyttelse/Natura2000/Natura_2000_planer/Se_Planerne/
<input type="checkbox"/>	No, but in preparation	
<input type="checkbox"/>	No	

7. MAP OF THE SITE

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INSPIRE ID:	Dk.nst.ps.SAC90
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Map delivered as PDF in electronic format (optional)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Yes	<input type="checkbox"/>	No
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SITE DISPLAY

